

REPORTERS IN IRELAND.

It is suggested that the leading New York papers send reporters to Ireland to examine into the condition of the country and tell the American people just how the Irish tenants are treated by the English landlords. But of course this will not be official. The only way these things can be done is to gather a lot of scurvy politicians together who need some sort of a government job and send them off on a junketing expedition, where they can attend to almost everything or anything except the special purpose for which they are appointed. Then make a report which is filed away in the Congressional museum for such documents and the report will not reach the public short of ten years after it was filed. Three live reporters who went to investigate could finish the whole job in less than a month and get at the real facts.

The Stockton Mail says:

The Record-Union is of the opinion that the scheme for the erection of a statue to Peter Cooper is a mistake. We think so, too. Peter Cooper's works should stand as a statue to perpetuate his memory. A statue is in the nature of an advertisement directing attention to the fact that a person once existed who might otherwise be forgotten. A man whose life entitles him to such a token should require nothing but his works to keep his name before future generations. A statue to preserve popular remembrance of Washington or Lincoln would be almost as useless as lighting a candle to see if the sun was shining.

The only man in this country who ever really needed a monument to keep his memory green was Oakes Ames. They have erected a sort of tower of Babel on the line of the Union Pacific to whitewash his bribes of Congressmen, and every time the train passes it the passengers exclaim, "Monument to Oakes Ames! Well, I'll be d—d!"

It has been discovered that through an error in printing the bill relative to Postal Regulations, passed at the last session, the adjustment of the salaries of postmasters, made during the past two months, is erroneous. It appears that the amendment made to the law requiring a reduction from three to two cents per ounce on first-class matter, did not take fourth-class offices into consideration but applied only to the first three grades. Nearly 25,000 Postmasters of the fourth-class will be affected by this error and will continue the sale of three-cent stamps and will show an increase until October 1, 1883, when their receipts will be lessened by the reduced postage.

The Sacramento Bee says: "God has blessed me with wealth," says Senator James G. Fair. This is the rankest blasphemy. The Almighty certainly would not waste any of his blessings on a Nevada Senator. As Uncle Jimmy's wealth was obtained in the cinch game of stocks, it is more probable that Satan has been taking care of his own.

Fair might have said: "God has blessed me with wealth and juries that wealth could handle."

In a lengthy editorial on Fair, and others possessed of immense wealth, the Salt Lake Tribune concludes sensibly with the following words: When a man gets sufficient money to relieve him from the petty cares of life, and sufficient to secure his independence from want and unusual hardships, he is just as rich as he ever can be though his gold be piled mountain high, and after independence is secured every added dollar is but an added care.

The Interior Department has already sent out 17 special agents, 12 of whom are new appointees, to investigate the fraudulent entries in public lands, and will send out others from time to time as the service may require. Some of these agents have reported a number of fraudulent entries, but it is too soon to expect a full report from all of them.

The Enterprise is authority for the statement that the Fairs lived happily together and that if "outsiders had not chipped in" all would have been running smoothly in the family. The outsiders alluded to must be Inez Leonard and Fannie Smith.

40--CENTS ON THE DOLLAR--40

GREAT BANKRUPT SALE!

IMMENSE SLAUGHTER! 40 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR!!

—COMMENCING—

MONDAY, MAY 14th, 1883,

And continuing until the entire stock is disposed of.

ALFRED LILIENTFELD

Will sell the entire Bankrupt Stock of **KOPPLE & PLATT**, contained in the building formerly occupied by them, adjoining Wells, Fargo & Co., consisting of **Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps and Gents' Furnishing Goods** FOR **40 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR!**

This entire stock must be disposed of at any sacrifice previous to July 1, 1883, as the store will be vacated on that date for repairs.

A. LILIENTFELD.

TELEGRAPHIC

JOHN CHINAMAN MAKING HIMSELF FELT IN CHICAGO

OPIUM DENS WHERE WHITE GIRLS ARE DEBAUCHED.

LOU HAWK GETS A FIFTEEN-YEAR SENTENCE.

ANOTHER CLERGYMAN MAKES HIS DEBUT IN HAMLET.

The Filthy Chinese in Chicago.

CHICAGO, May 14.—The Times yesterday devoted more than two columns to a report of the investigations of the opium dens of this city. Following is an abstract of the sensational developments:

The criminal practices in Chinese opium dens in New York city, which have created profound excitement and great indignation there, have led the Times to investigate the similar dens of iniquity which infest Chicago. The police are fully cognizant of a number of opium joints now in existence in Chicago, and of a large number of persons, both male and female, who visit them; and though their practices are in open violation of the State laws and of the municipal code, they are winked at and no arrests are made, unless upon a direct complaint of robbery by some victim. For years these opium dens have flourished under the very noses of the authorities, and the odor of the noxious drug has assailed the nostrils of every person who has had to pass by the open doors of every Chinese laundry. The evil, while it has reached alarming proportions in this city, is not so great—and perhaps never will be—as it is in New York.

While a number of cases have never come to light in Chicago, it is nevertheless true that women have been enticed into opium dens of this city and there debauched, not only by white men but by Chinamen. One case in particular was noted, wherein two young women were treated in that manner. One of these achieved considerable notoriety about a year ago by her prosecution of a professional gentleman for seduction and illegitimate parentage. She made no case and her complaint was regarded as a blackmailing scheme, and she was arrested on a charge of perjury. The woman was undoubtedly a crank—and she was made so, it is said, by her predilection for opium. The other young woman was a companion or relative, and during the alleged blackmailing operation both were shadowed by detectives. They were followed into a Chinese opium den on Van Buren street, where they indulged in the narcotic until thoroughly stupefied, after which they were outraged by five or six Chinamen.

Other instances are also known, and the police admit that opium is smoked in several establishments in the city which are alleged to be laundries. These iniquitous dens have for years catered to the depraved tastes of men and women, but it would appear that they are not satisfied with this, and are reaching out to grasp with their snaky coils, young girls—and even children. It recently came to the ears of Captain Ebersson, of Central Station, that a little waif of the streets, a news girl, had been enticed into one of these dens and ruined. The "joint" which was the scene of the horror, was reported as somewhere on Madison street, in the neighborhood of Fifth avenue; but unfortunately the exact location was not learned by the police. There has been but one Chinese laundry in that immediate vicinity within a year where opium is known to have been smoked, and that was in the basement of Nos. 169 and 171, Madison street. The police claim that the place, with a gambling house run in connection with it, was broken up some months ago. Other instances of atrocities committed in these places have been reported to the police from time to time, and women have frequently been taken from them in a helpless condition.

The Times then gives the names of the keepers and the location of twelve of the most notorious opium dens in this city, and concludes as follows: These are the only places at present known to the police. Several "joints" have been broken up within a few months, and it is the expressed determination of Captains Buckley and Ebersson—within whose precincts these places exist—to break the places up entirely and arrest the inmates as often as they violate the law regarding the use of the drug.

A RAID ON THE OPIUM DENS. At about 11 o'clock last night the police successfully raided several opium dens, capturing 57 persons. They first visited a place located on Clark street, securing three Chinamen. They then went to 273 Clark. The exits were all guarded while a posse of officers entered from the front. Upon the appearance of the police the inmates set up a howl of dismay and rushed to the rear, where their confinement was increased upon finding that every mote of egress was shut off. Forty-nine Chinamen were taken in. Thence the officers went to No. 224 Van Buren street, which resulted in the capture of four Americans and one white woman.

FIFTY-SIX CHINAMEN FINED.

There were 56 Chinamen in all brought into Justice Hammer's court this morning and fined. Of this number seven were charged with smoking opium. With them was a white woman, who gave her name as Gevra Wilson, and three white men. The woman was found reclining on a couch in the act of smoking.

Lynched.

SHEEVEPORT, La., May 14.—D. C. Hutchins, who murdered W. H. Lyon at the ferry landing in Bossier parish, opposite here, on Tuesday night last, while being conveyed to Bellevue jail yesterday morning, was taken from his guards by a crowd of 100 men and hanged in the woods. As Hutchins saw the men coming, he pulled a large dirk from his pocket and stabbed himself three times near the heart. After hanging him the following placards were pinned to his body:

"There is a point where forbearance ceases to be a virtue."

"Citizens Fetterman: Both of you leave, and never return. If you do you will follow this desperado and thief."

The Fettermans kept stores on the opposite side of the river, and are in some way mixed up with Hutchins and the murder. Thousands of people today visited the body hanging.

Lou Houck Sentenced.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, May 14.—The motion for a new trial in the case of Lou Houck convicted of manslaughter at Delaware, has been overruled and the prisoner given fifteen years in the penitentiary. Houck is the notorious three-card monte man who murdered a drummer on a train five or six years ago. He escaped after the murder and was hunted for five years by Detective Norris, who finally captured him in Los Angeles, Cal. His wife and father were in court.

Big Reports.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 14.—Advices from Carls mining district, in Western Texas, say that immense deposits of chloride and horn silver have been discovered in the section of country lying between the Pecos river and the Rio Grande. The surface croppings of horn silver are said to be the richest on the continent.

CINCINNATI, May 14.—In a quarrel on the train of the Cincinnati Northern railroad, bringing a picnic party home, a general shooting and cutting took place yesterday, about 12 miles from this city. Five men were seriously wounded, but none fatally. About a dozen were engaged in the fight, all of whom had been drinking.

CHICAGO, May 14.—Henry Villard was in this city for two hours yesterday on his way from the West to New York. He said the Northern Pacific would certainly be completed by September 1st, and that the first train would run over the line at about that time.

CHATTANOOGA, May 14.—William Connors, white, aged 26, who shot dead two men and cut two others during a drunken quarrel a few days ago, was lynched last night by negro miners. The hanged body was riddled with bullets.

INDIANA, Pa., May 14.—Rev. Charles P. Stock, of the Evangelical Lutheran Church of Pittsburg, made his theatrical debut here on Saturday as "Hamlet."

NEW YORK, May 14.—Sullivan arrived yesterday from Boston. He is to spar with Mitchell, the English pugilist, in Madison Square Garden to-night.

50 Cents Per Week

All classes of legitimate advertisements not exceeding six lines inserted in this column for 50 Cents per week.

Excursion

To San Francisco, San Jose, Santa Cruz and Monterey. The only excursion for the summer of 1883. Parties can return at any time. Leaves Reno Monday, July 2, 1883, for two weeks. P. H. Mulcahy, Manager, Reno. my14f

Lost.

On Monday last, on the Hot Springs road, a buggy robe. The finder will be rewarded by leaving the same at Sweeney's saloon.

Wanted.

A suite of two or three rooms. Inquire at this office.

For Rent.

Two bed-rooms, with gas and bath. Corner of Carson and Curry streets. MRS. CARRIE HAYWARD.

Wanted.

At Doe Benton's Livery Stable, a good carriage painter. ap22

Groceries.

Persons wanting good and cheap family groceries will find it to their advantage to call at Barclay's Grocery Store, at Sweeney's old stand, for family supplies.

Lost.

On April 10, 1883, a wax-bill leather pocket book, containing papers and letters. A reasonable reward will be paid for its return to Keyser & Elrod. at22w

Wanted.

A girl to do general housework. Enquire at this office. Enr18

For Sale.

A good, gentle two horse team. Enquire at this office. m22

Perfumery.

TETLOW'S PERFUMERIES, INCLUDING Marie Stuart, White Geranium and Spring Violet, for sale at the City Drug Store.

Special Notice.

M. COHN IS NOW THE SOLE agent in Carson of the "White" and "New Howe" sewing machines.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st., N. Y. my12

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, ETC.

Grand Reduction

IN PRICES OF

CARPETS

—AT—

M. COHN'S.

Hartford, Best All Wool, 3-ply, reduced to \$1 10 pr yd

Best Quality Body Brussels, reduced to.....\$1 25 pr yd

Best Quality Tapestry, reduced to.....70 and 80c pr yd

Ingrains, reduced to.....37½c pr yd

ALL OTHER GOODS IN PROPORTION.

Call Early and Secure Bargains at

M. COHN'S

ORIGINAL ONE-PRICE DRY GOODS STORE

1883 SPRING OPENING 1883

—AT—

OLCOVICH BROS.

NEW and DECIDED ATTRACTIONS

Every department filled to overflowing with new and seasonable goods for Spring and Summer requirements

OLCOVICH BROTHERS,

Importers and Dealers in Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes. Men's Furnishing Goods, Clothing, Carpets, House Furnishing Goods, etc., offer better inducements to purchasers than any other house in this city.

Having NO RENT to pay and smaller expenses than our competitors, carrying the largest stock and best assortment, we are enabled to sell at closer prices.

Our SHOE STORE is the most complete in the State, and we have on hand an excellent assortment of Misses', Ladies' and Children's Shoes of the best Eastern makes.